

## INTRODUCTION

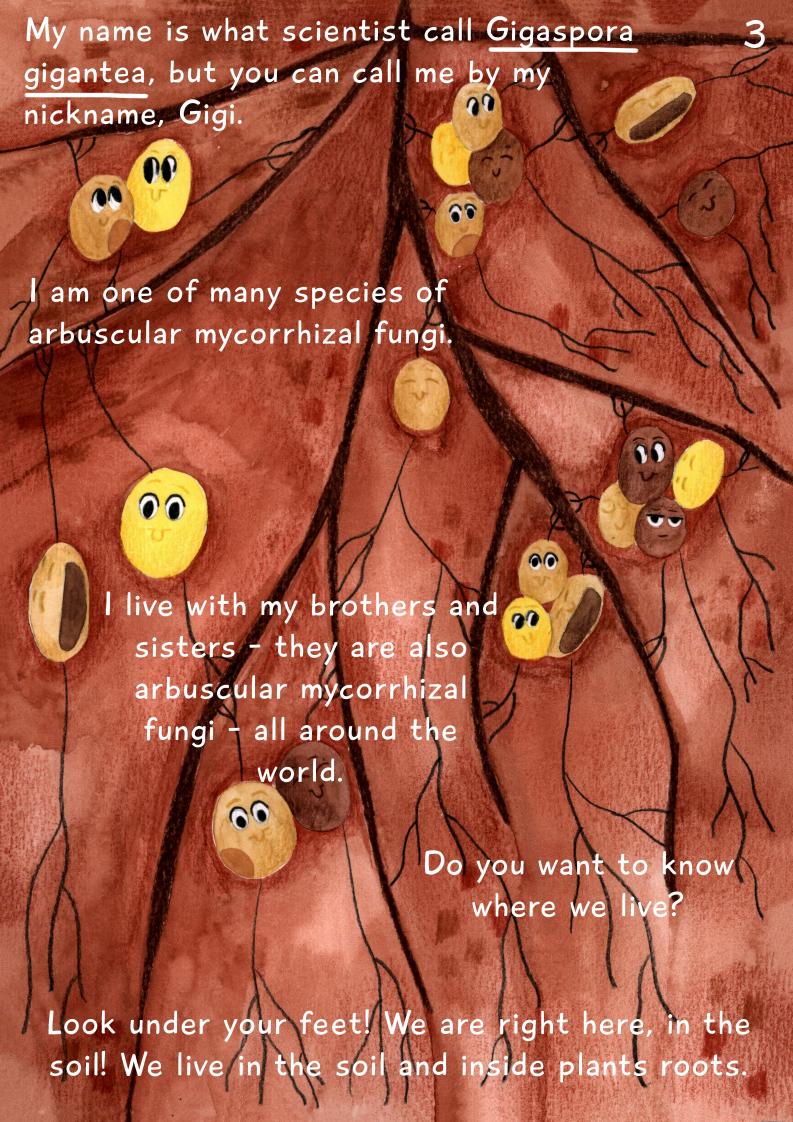
The main character of this book is Gigi, a species of arbuscular mycorrhizal fungus (AMF), a group of fungi of extreme. importance to soil because they are associated with most of plants on Earth, including those that produce food, and provide several environmental services. However, they are still largely neglected in soil education. Thus, in order to promote and popularize the knowledge and importance of soil biodiversity, this book was idealized, which narrates the life of an AMF, its importance in soil biodiversity and how much they have been affected by human activities, like fires that we have observed recently around the world.

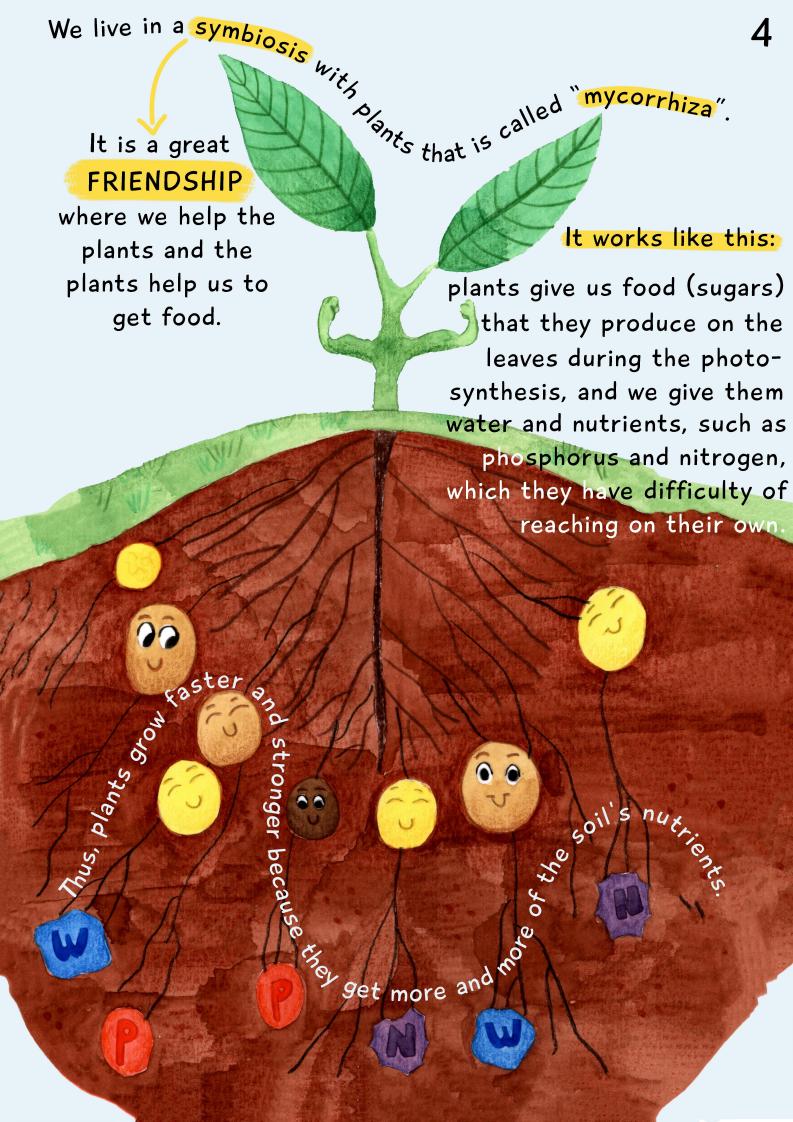
Enjoy the reading!

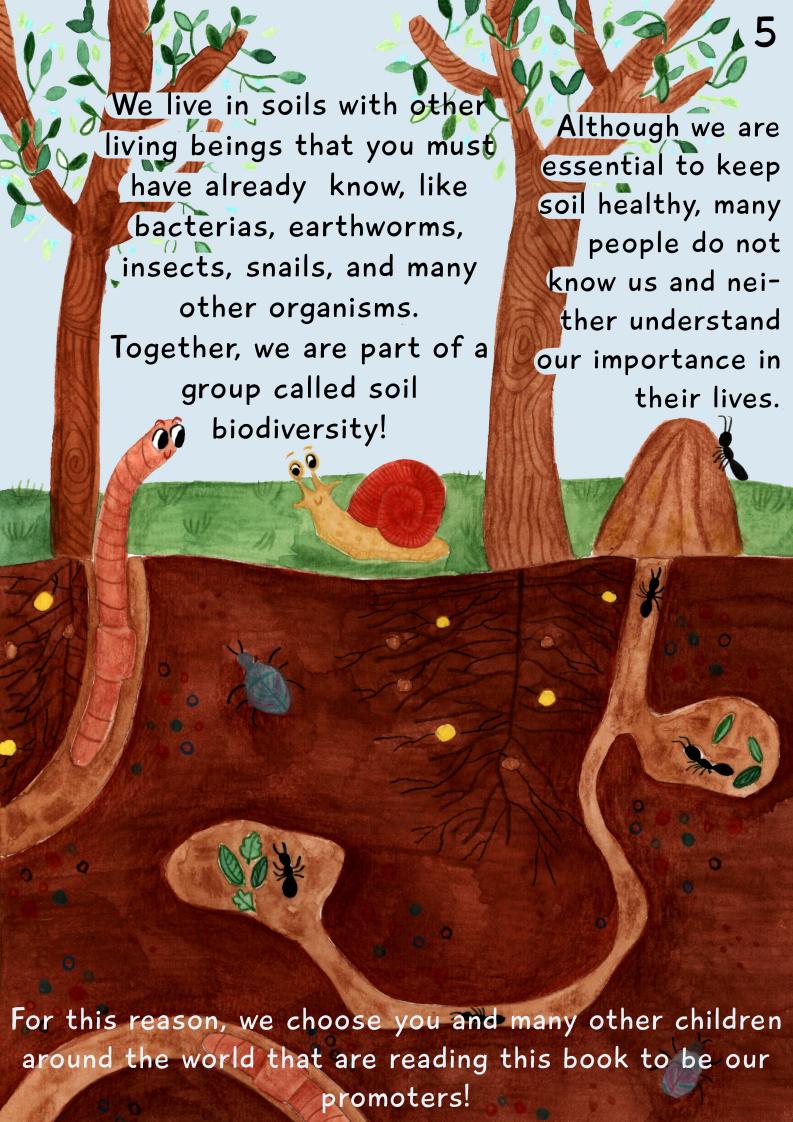
Hey, you! Can you see me? I am not the plant! I am here inside the plant roots!



Come closer... because I am going to tell you who I am, and why I need you so much...







We can improve the quality of the plant for human health because there are more nutrients, and the fruits are more

## DELICIOUS!

We also function as an army for the plants, because we can protect the plants against other fungi and bacteria that cause plant diseases.

So far, with the few things I have told you, you already know that arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi are very important for plants because we help them capture nutrients and grow strong. Thus, humans do not need to use too much fertilizers in their

service is important to preserve nature and produce healthier foods through agriculture.

crops! This

BAD GUY

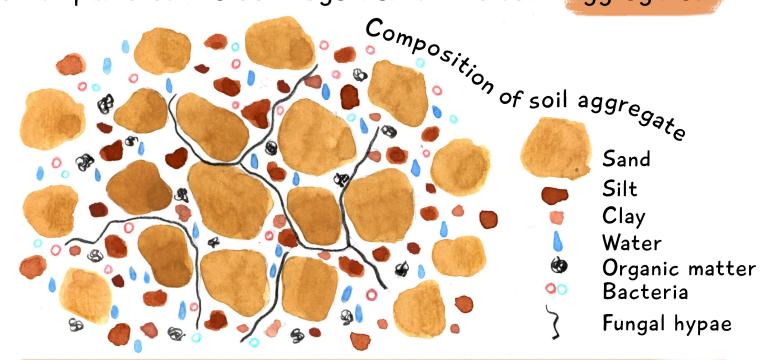
GET AWAY

FROM

HERE!

But wait! Our work does not end here, we have so many more things to do on the soil.

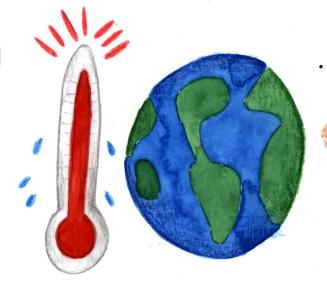
When we grow in the soil, we produce a kind of glue, known as glomalin. Together with other microorganisms, such as bacteria and amoebas, this glue helps to keep small parts of the soil together and to form aggregates.



Soil aggregates can be home to a lot of microorganisms. It can also provide better plant growth and a more stable soil for you, humans!

Oh, I almost forgot to mention that we,

arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi...



greenhouse gas
emissions, the main
cause of the
climate change
advance.



However, the actions of humans are affecting the soil and us as well. All soil organisms have lived hard times lately, and I would like to share this story with you. I am sure you will understand us.



This story begins on a sunny and very hot day, in a place where everything seemed perfect. But suddenly, the trees warned us that they were burning. We have already seen this before, but nowadays wildfires are happening more and more frequently in several parts of the world.

You can see this situation in Brazil, for example. In this country, there is a huge area like a wetland with an impressive biodiversity, called Pantanal.



One of the problems is that wildfires causes global warming, that increase temperature in our atmosphere and melts ice in the south and north Pole. Other countries also suffer with wildfires like Australia and Russia.

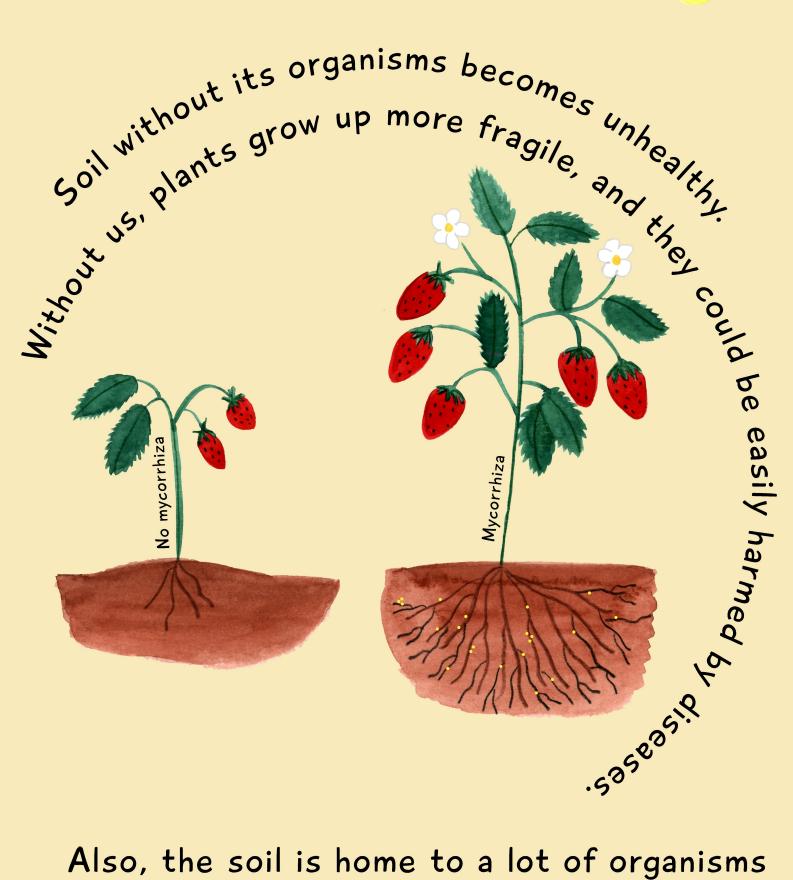
Although we live in the soil, the wildfires also affect us, and do not let us to do our work to keep soil • health and help plants.





Did you understand why burns are harmful to the biodiversity that inhabits the soil?

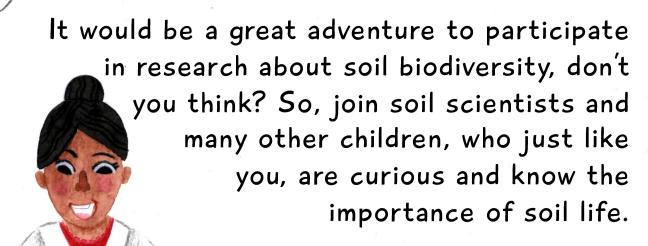
Have you ever thought about how this is related to your life?



Also, the soil is home to a lot of organisms of the planet, including you, remember?

That is why scientists around the world research about

us - arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi -, collect us and take care of us, so we will not disappear from the planet.



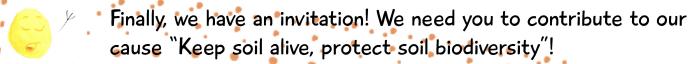
We need brave young people who are ready to help to save the soil and our planet.



Starting to take care of the soil is not difficult and we can do that with small actions.



You can adopt sustainable habits as recycling materials, conserving water, stopping to waste food, learning more about the biodiversity of the soil ecosystem, and supporting soil preservation actions!



Can you imagine yourself as a soil scientist?

- Choose your scientist's clothes. It can be a coat or a field vest.
  - Choose your materials (pencil, notebook, magnifying glasses, camera, etc.), and take your sign (Keep soil alive, protect soil biodiversity).
  - Draw your face and hair, color it, and cut out all the parts with scissors.

    After, glue the parts together, forming your scientist! Then, fix a stick behind the scientist.
  - Choose a place to anchor your scientist. It can be your house, a frame, your school, your vegetable garden, or a flower vase.
- Now, share your scientist on Instagram. Do not forget to use the hashtag #soilover. Thus, more children can join you, and start to observe the soil and its biodiversity with more attention!

It was nice talking with you. Thank you for your attention.

Good-bye, Gigi.

If you want to know more about all the things we discussed here

Gianinazzi, S., Gollotte, A., Binet, M. N., van Tuinen, D., Redecker, D., & Wipf, D. (2010). Agroecology: the key role of arbuscular mycorrhizas in ecosystem services. Mycorrhiza, 20(8), 519-530.

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Rillig, M. C., & Mummey, D. L. (2006). Mycorrhizas and soil structure. New Phytologist, 171(1), 41-53.

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